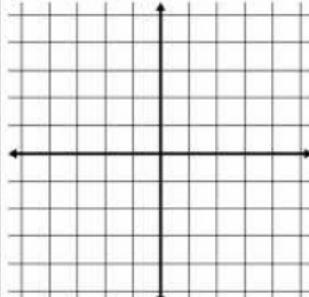


Sketch a graph of the following functions

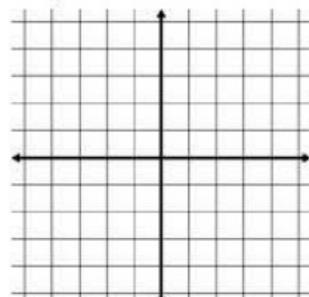
$$y = 2 \cdot 0.4^x$$



- 1) Determine the domain and range

$0 : (-\infty, \infty)$

$$y = 3e^{-x}$$



- 1) Determine the domain and range

? ?

- 2) Is the function even, odd or undefined for $x < 0$ or neither

- 2) Is the function even, odd or undefined for $x < 0$

- 3) Intervals of Increase or Decrease

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- 4) Find any extrema.

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- 5) Determine the end behavior

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- 6) Find any asymptotes

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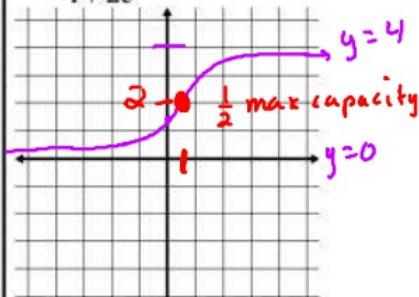
- 7) Intervals of Concavity

- 7) Intervals of Concavity

Concave up
 $(-\infty, .693)$
down
 $(-.693, \infty)$

Sketch a graph of the following functions

$$y = \frac{4}{1+2e^{-x}}$$



- 1) Determine the minimum and Maximum capacity (Horizontal Asy)

- 2) Determine the y-intercept

- 3) Determine the domain and range

- 4) Intervals of Increase or Decrease

- 5) Determine the end behavior

- 6) Find any asymptotes

- 7) Determine Half the max capacity

- 8) Intervals of Concavity

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PRE-CALCULUS: by Finney, Demana, Watts and Kennedy
Chapter 3: Exponential, Logistic, and Logarithmic Functions
3.3: Logarithmic Functions and their graphs

Page **15**

What you'll Learn About

Changing between
Logarithmic and
exponential form:

If $x > 0$, $b > 0$ and
 $b \neq 1$, then

$y = \log_b x$ if and only if
 $b^y = x$

Properties:

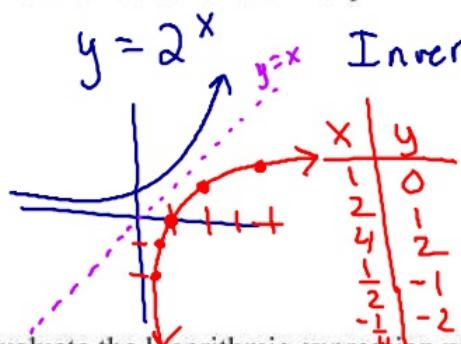
If $x > 0$, $b > 0$ $b \neq 1$, and
any real number y

- $\log_b 1 = 0$ because $b^0 = 1$
- $\log_b b = 1$ because $b^1 = b$
- $\log_b b^y = y$ because $b^y = b^y$
- $b^{\log_b x} = x$ because

$$\log_b x = \log_b y$$

5 to what
power is $\frac{1}{25}$

Find the inverse function for $y = 2^x$



$$x = 2^y$$

$$y = \log_2 x$$

Evaluate the logarithmic expression without using a calculator

a) $\log_2 8 = 3$

Finding the power
 $\log_2 8 = y$

$$2^y = 8$$

c) $\log_5 \frac{1}{25} = -2$

$$\log_5 \frac{1}{25} = y$$

$$5^y = \frac{1}{25} \quad y = -2$$

e) $\log_7 7 = 1$

$$7^y = 7$$

$$y = 1$$

b) $\log_3 \sqrt{3} =$

$$\log_3 (3^{1/2}) = y$$

$$3^y = 3^{1/2}$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}$$

d) $\log_4 1 = 0$

$$\log_4 1 = y$$

$$4^y = 1$$

$$y = 0$$

$$\log_e x = \ln x$$

	Evaluate the logarithmic expression without using a calculator
$\log_{10} 10^{-2}$	<p>a) $\log 100 =$ $\log_{10} 100 = y$ $y=2$ $10^y = 100$</p> <p>c) $\log \frac{1}{100} = -2$ $\log_{10} \frac{1}{100} = y$ $10^y = \frac{1}{100}$</p>
$10^y = 10^{-2}$	<p>b) $\log \sqrt[5]{10} =$ $\log_{10} 10^{1/5} = \frac{1}{5}$ $10^y = 10^{1/5}$</p> <p>d) $\ln \sqrt{e} =$ Natural log of \sqrt{e} $\ln \sqrt{e} = y$ $e^y = e^{1/2}$ $y = \frac{1}{2}$</p>
$\log_6 11$	<p>e) $\ln e^5 =$ $\ln e e^5 = 5$</p> <p>f) $\ln \sqrt[5]{e} =$ $\ln \sqrt[5]{e} = \frac{1}{5}$</p>
$6^y = 11$	<p>a) $6^{\log_6 11} =$ $6^{\log_6 11} = 11$</p> <p>b) $10^{\log_{10} 6} =$ $10^{\log_{10} 6} = 6$</p> <p>c) $e^{\ln 4} =$ $e^{\ln c^4} = 4^1$</p>

Use a calculator to evaluate the logarithmic expression if it is defined and check your result by evaluating the corresponding exponential expression

a) $\log 34.5 = 1.537$

$$10^{1.537} = 34.5$$

b) $\log 0.43 =$

$$10^y = -3$$

c) $\log (-3) =$

No Solution

you can't take logarithms
of 0 and neg #'s

d) $\ln 23.5 = 3.157$

$$e^{3.157} = 23.5$$

e) $\ln 0.48 =$

f) $\ln(-5) =$

No Solution

Solve the equation

a) $\log x = 3$

$$\log_{10} x = 3$$

$$10^3 = x$$

$$1000 = x$$

b) $\log_2 x = 5$

$$\log_2 x = 5$$

$$2^5 = x$$

$$32 = x$$