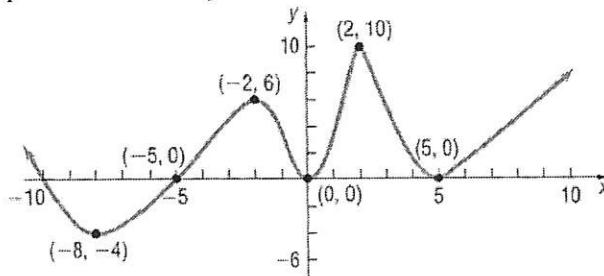


Success is the maximum utilization of the ability you have. – Zig Ziglar

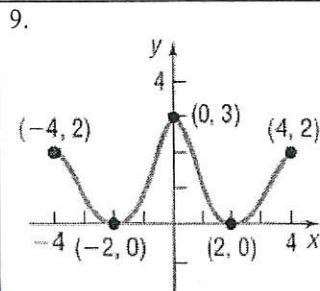
In problems 1-8, use the given graph of the function f .



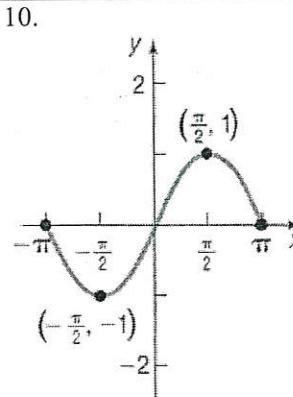
1	Is f increasing on the interval $(-8, -2)$?	yes
2	Is f increasing on the interval $(2, 10)$?	no (Graph is increasing and decreasing)
3	List the interval(s) on which f is increasing. Justify your answer.	$(-8, -2) \cup (0, 2) \cup (5, \infty)$
4	List the interval(s) on which f is decreasing. Justify your answer.	$(-\infty, -8) \cup (-7, 0) \cup (2, 5)$
5	List the value(s) of x at which f has a local maximum. Justify your answer.	$(-2, 6) (2, 10)$
6	List the value(s) of x at which f has a local minimum. Justify your answer.	$(-8, -4) (0, 0) (5, 0)$
7	Find the x -intercepts.	$(10, 0) (-5, 0) (0, 0) (5, 0)$
8	Find the y -intercepts.	$(0, 0)$

For problems 9-12, the graph of a function is given. Use the graph to find:

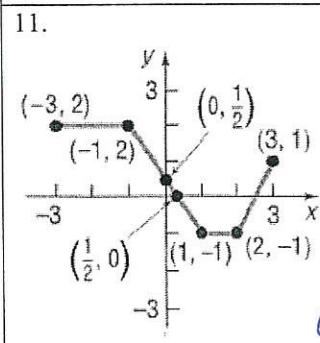
- Its domain and range
- The x - and y -intercepts
- The intervals of increase. Justify.
- The intervals of decrease. Justify.
- The intervals of constant. Justify.



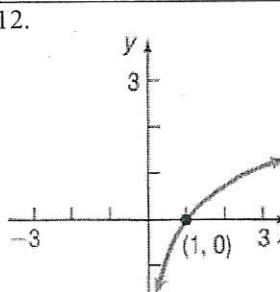
a) $D^o \{-4, 4\}$
 $R^o \{0, 3\}$
 INC: $(-2, 0) \cup (2, 4)$
 DEC: $(-4, -2) \cup (0, 2)$



a) $D^o \{[-\pi, \pi]\}$
 $R^o \{-1, 1\}$
 INC: $(-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2})$
 DEC: $(-\pi, -\frac{\pi}{2}) \cup (\frac{\pi}{2}, \pi)$



$D^o \{-3, 3\}$
 $R^o \{-1, 2\}$
 INC: $(2, 3)$
 DEC: $(-1, 1)$
 Constant: $(-3, 1) \cup (1, 2)$

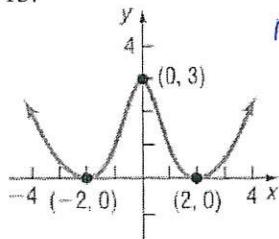


$D^o (0, \infty)$
 $R^o (-\infty, \infty)$
 INC: $(0, \infty)$

In problems 13-16, the graph of a function f is given. Use the graph to find:

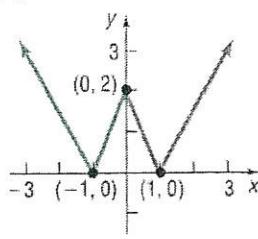
- The numbers, if any, at which f has a local maximum. What are those local maxima?
- The numbers, if any, at which f has a local minimum. What are those local minima?

13.



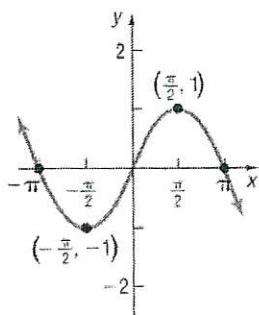
Max: $(0, 3)$
Min: $(-2, 0), (2, 0)$

14.



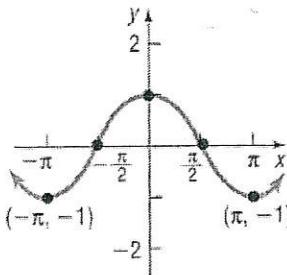
Max: $(0, 2)$
Min: $(-1, 0), (1, 0)$

15.



Max: $(\frac{\pi}{2}, 1)$
Min: $(-\frac{\pi}{2}, -1)$

16.



Max: $(0, 1)$
Min: $(-\pi, -1), (\pi, -1)$

Discontinuity Power Point

① D: $x \neq -2$ R:

$x = -2$ $f(-2) = \frac{1}{0}$ V.A

② D: $x \neq 0$ R: $y \neq -3$ or $(-\infty, -3) \cup (-3, \infty)$

$x = 0$ $f(0) = \frac{0}{0}$ ~~0~~

Hole