

What you'll Learn About

$f^{-1}(x) \rightarrow f$ inverse

Find a formula for $f^{-1}(x)$. Give the domain of $f^{-1}(x)$, including any restrictions "inherited" from f .

- ① Switch x and y
- ② Resolve for y

Reflection over the line $y=x$
 $y=f(x) \quad y=f^{-1}(x)$

A. $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$

$y = \sqrt{x}$
 $(x) = (\sqrt{y})^2$
 $x^2 = y$

$f^{-1}(x) = x^2$

D: $x \geq 0$ R: $y \geq 0$

D: $x \geq 0$
R: $y \geq 0$

B. $f(x) = \sqrt[3]{2x+1}$

$y = \sqrt[3]{2x+1}$
D: $(-\infty, \infty)$ R: $(-\infty, \infty)$

$(x)^3 = (\sqrt[3]{2y+1})^3$

$x^3 = 2y+1$
 -1

$\frac{x^3-1}{2} = \frac{2y}{2}$ $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x^3-1}{2}$

C. $f(x) = 5x+2$

$y = 5x+2$ D: $(-\infty, \infty)$
R: $(-\infty, \infty)$

$x = 5y+2$
 -2 -2

$\frac{x-2}{5} = \frac{5y}{5}$

$\frac{x-2}{5} = y$

$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x-2}{5}$

D: $(-\infty, \infty)$

D. $f(x) = \sqrt{x^3-2}$

$y = \sqrt{x^3-2}$ D: $x^3-2 \geq 0$
 $x^3 \geq 2$
 $x \geq \sqrt[3]{2}$

$(x)^2 = (\sqrt{y^3-2})^2$

$x^2 = y^3-2$

$x^2+2 = y^3$

R: $y \geq 0$

$\sqrt[3]{x^2+2} = f^{-1}(x)$

D: $x \geq 0$

$$\textcircled{E} \quad f(x) = \frac{3x+2}{x-1}$$

$$D: x \neq 1 \quad (-\infty, 1) \cup (1, \infty)$$

$$R: HA: y=3 \quad (-\infty, 3) \cup (3, \infty)$$

$$y = \frac{3x+2}{x-1}$$

$$(y-1)x = \frac{3y+2}{y-1} (y-1)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} xy - x = 3y + 2 \\ -2 \qquad -2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \cdot xy - x - 2 = 3y \\ -xy \qquad -xy \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$-x-2 = 3y - xy$$

$$\frac{-x-2}{(3-x)} = \frac{y(3-x)}{(3-x)} \rightarrow \text{GCF}$$

$$\frac{-x-2}{3-x} = f^{-1}(x)$$

$$D: (-\infty, 3) \cup (3, \infty)$$

$$\textcircled{F} \quad f(x) = x^2 + 3 \quad D: (-\infty, \infty)$$

$$R: [3, \infty)$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \sqrt{x-3}$$

$$D: [3, \infty)$$

$$R: (-\infty, \infty) \rightarrow [0, \infty)$$