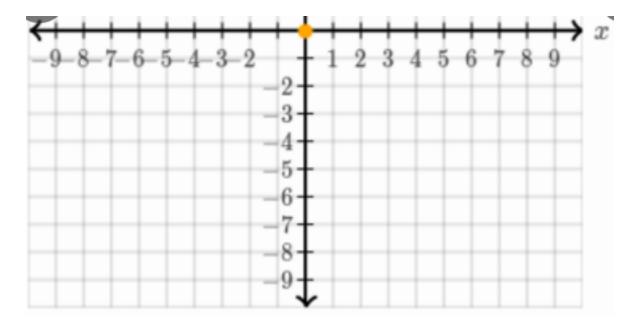
2.7 and 3.1 HW

1. Find the solution(s) of the system algebraically (Factoring or Quadratic Formula)

$$y = x^2 - 3$$
$$y = -2x + 4$$

2. Find the solution(s) of the system graphically

$$\left\{egin{array}{l} y=-rac{1}{2}x^2\ y=x-4 \end{array}
ight.$$



3. Nate tosses a ball up a hill for his dog to chase. The path of the ball is modeled by the function $y = -.25x^2 + 6.6x$, where x is the ball's horizontal distance from Nate in feet and y is the ball's height in feet. The hill is modeled by the line y = .2x. How far does the ball travel horizontally before it hits the ground? (Hint: Use your calculator to graph the functions and find where they intersect each other)

Solve the system of inequalities $\left\{ \right.$

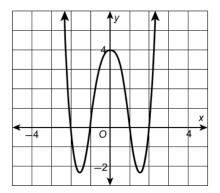
$$igg(y \geq 2x^2+2x-3 \ y \leq rac{1}{3}x+6 igg)$$

using shading.

Which of the following statements is true of the polynomial $x^2 + 6x^3 - 4 + 2x^5$?

- \bigcirc A. The degree of the polynomial is 1.
- O B. The leading coefficient of the polynomial is 1.
- O C. The polynomial in standard form is $2x^5 + 6x^3 + x^2 4$.
- O D. The polynomial is a trinomial.
- 5. Use the leading coefficient and degree of the polynomial function $f(x) = x^3 7x^2 + 10x$ to determine the end behavior of its graph.

6. Use the graph to answer the questions:



- a) Find the end behavior.
- b) Find the Average Rate of Change on the interval [0, 2]
- c) Find the intervals of increase and decrease
- d) Find the interval when f(x) > 0
- e) Find the interval when f(x) < 0
- f) Find the x-intercepts
- g) Find any relative maximum(s) and minimum(s)
- h) Determine the degree of the polynomial

The graph of a function f is shown below. Use the zeros and the local maximums of the graph to find the rule for f.

