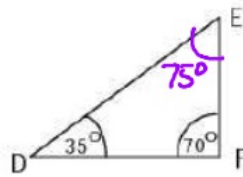
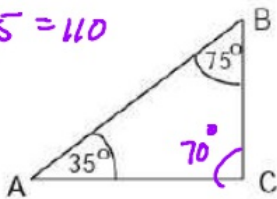


1. State whether or not the following triangles are similar and support your answer.

$35 + 75 = 110$



$35 + 70 = 105$

Yes

2. In the figure given to the left,  $\triangle XYZ$  is similar to  $\triangle BCD$ .

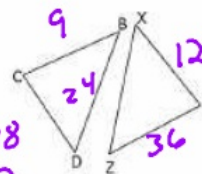
- a. Find the value of  $XZ$ .

$XZ = 32$

$\frac{BC}{XY} = \frac{BD}{XZ}$

$\frac{9}{12} = \frac{24}{X}$

$9X = 288$   
 $X = 32$



$BC = 9$

$XY = 12$

$BD = 24$

$ZY = 36$

- b. Find the value of  $CD$

$\frac{BC}{XY} = \frac{CD}{YZ}$

$\frac{9}{12} = \frac{X}{36}$

$12X = 324$

$X = 27$

3. Looking at the triangles in the figure on the right:

- a) Are the two triangles similar? Yes by AA  
b) What is the length of  $QT$ ?  
c) If  $PT$  is 15 cm, what is the length of  $RT$ ?

b)  $\frac{3}{9} = \frac{4}{QT}$

$3QT = 36$

$QT = 12$

$\frac{3}{9} = \frac{4}{x+4}$

$3x + 12 = 36$

$3x = 24$

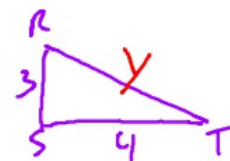
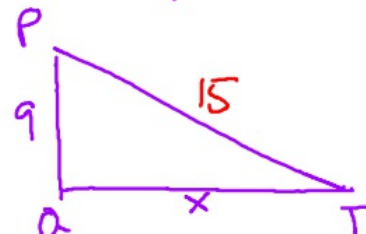
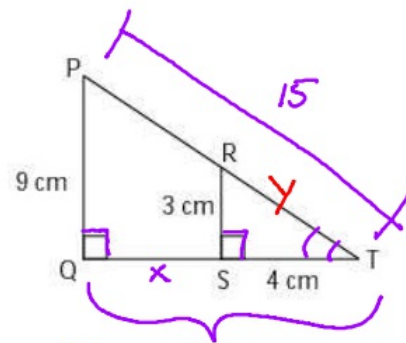
$x = 8$

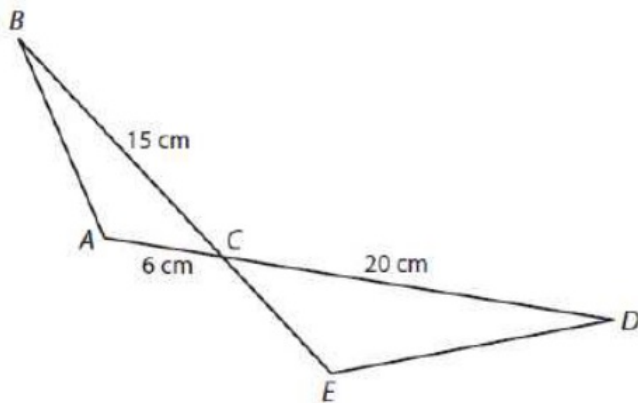
$8 + 4 = 12 = QT$

c)  $\frac{3}{9} = \frac{Y}{15}$

$9Y = 45$

$Y = 5$





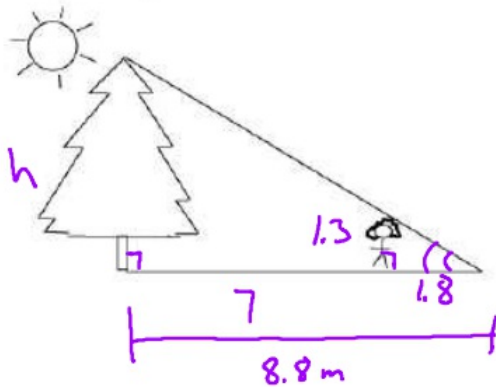
4. In the diagram to the left,  $\triangle ACB \sim \triangle ECD$ . Find the length of  $CE$ .

$$\frac{15}{20} = \frac{6}{x}$$

$$15x = 120$$

$$x = 8$$

5. Tonya is 1.3 meters tall. She stands 7 meters in front of a tree and casts a shadow 1.8 meters long. How tall is the tree?

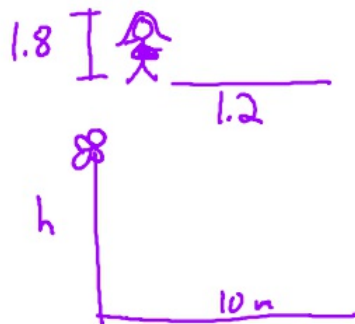


$$\frac{1.3}{1.8} = \frac{h}{8.8}$$

$$1.8h = 11.44$$

$$h = 6.36 \text{ m}$$

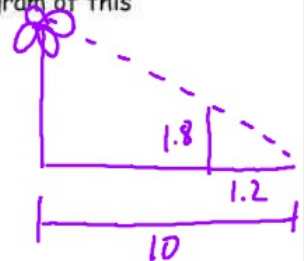
6. Stephanie casts a shadow of 1.2 m and she is 1.8 m tall. A wind turbine casts a shadow of 10 m at the same time that Stephanie measured her shadow. Draw a diagram of this situation and then calculate how tall the wind turbine is.



$$\frac{1.8}{1.2} = \frac{h}{10}$$

$$1.2h = 18$$

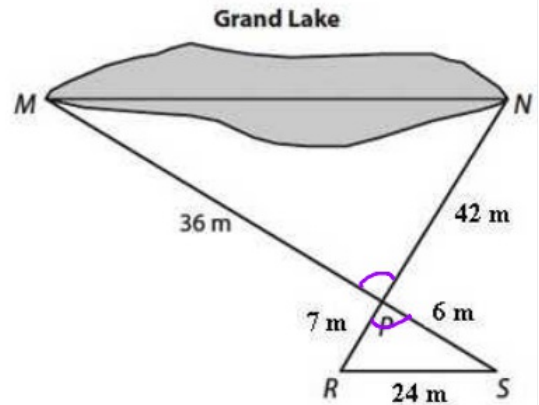
$$h = 15 \text{ m}$$



7. Maya needed to determine the longest distance across Grand Lake. She made the measurements as shown in the diagram.

a. Provide an argument to justify that  $\triangle NPM \sim \triangle RPS$ .

We know vertical  $\angle$ 's are  $\cong$ .  
 $\frac{6}{36} = \frac{7}{42}$  Yes  $\triangle NPM \sim \triangle RPS$   
 $\frac{1}{6} = \frac{1}{6}$  by SAS

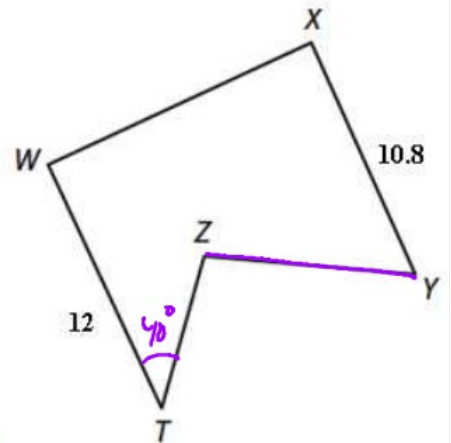
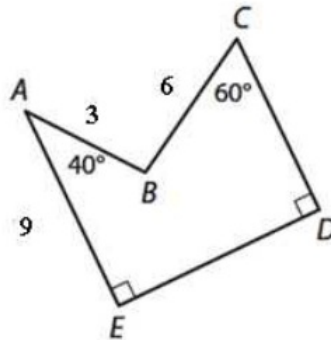


b. Determine  $MN$ , the longest distance across Grand Lake.

$$\frac{6}{36} = \frac{24}{x} \quad x = 144 \text{ m}$$

$$6x = 864 \quad MN = 144 \text{ m}$$

8. In the diagrams below, pentagon  $ABCDE \sim$  pentagon  $TZYXW$ .



a. Use the information provided to determine each measure.

i.  $m\angle T = 40^\circ$

ii.  $ZY = 8$

iii.  $CD = 8.1$

$$\frac{AE}{WT} = \frac{BC}{YZ} \quad \frac{9}{12} = \frac{6}{x}$$

$$9x = 72$$

$$x = 8$$

$$\frac{AE}{WT} = \frac{CD}{YX} \quad \frac{9}{12} = \frac{x}{10.8}$$

$$12x = 97.2$$

$$x = 8.1$$

b. What is the scale factor from pentagon  $TZYXW$  to pentagon  $ABCDE$ ? Explain your reasoning.

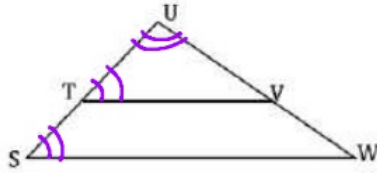
$$k = \frac{9}{12} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$k < 1$  because figure is getting smaller

SSS  
SAS  
AA

9.

Given:  $\angle S \cong \angle UTV$



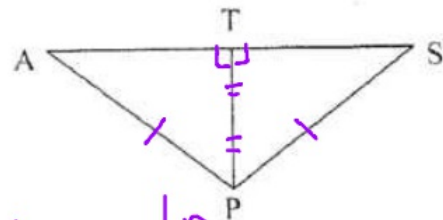
Prove:  $\triangle SUW \sim \triangle TUV$

Statement	Reason
1) $\angle S \cong \angle UTV$	1) Given
2) $\angle U \cong \angle U$	2) Reflexive prop
3) $\triangle SUW \sim \triangle TUV$	3) AA

10.

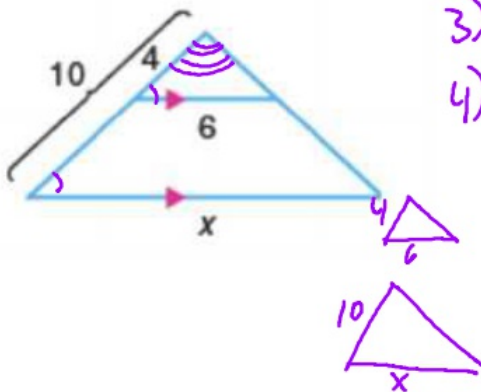
Given:  $\overline{TP} \perp \overline{AS}$ ,  $\overline{AP} \cong \overline{SP}$

Prove:  $\triangle ATP \cong \triangle STP$



Statement	Reason
1) $\overline{TP} \perp \overline{AS}$ $\overline{AP} \cong \overline{SP}$	1) Given
2) $\angle ATP$ and $\angle STP$ are Rt $\angle$ 's	2) Def of $\perp$ Lines
3) $\overline{TP} \cong \overline{TP}$	3) Reflexive prop
4) $\triangle ATP \cong \triangle STP$	4) HL

11. Solve for x.

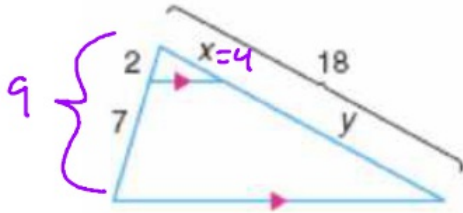


$$\frac{4}{6} = \frac{10}{x}$$

$$4x = 60$$

$$x = 15$$

12. Solve for x and y.



$$\frac{2}{9} = \frac{x}{18}$$

$$9x = 36$$

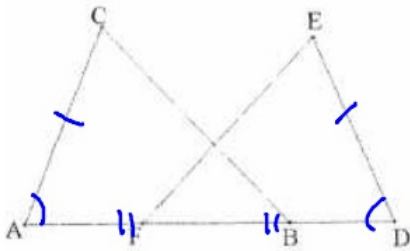
$$x = 4$$

$$x + y = 18$$

$$4 + y = 18$$

$$y = 14$$

13. Given:  $\overline{AC} \cong \overline{DE}$ ;  $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{DF}$ ;  
 $\angle CAB \cong \angle EDF$   
 Prove:  $\overline{CB} \cong \overline{EF}$



Statement	Reason
1) $\overline{AC} \cong \overline{DE}$ $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{DF}$ $\angle CAB \cong \angle EDF$	1) Given
2) $\triangle CAB \cong \triangle EDF$	2) SAS
3) $\overline{CB} \cong \overline{EF}$	3) CPCTC